

## Easy Worksheet on Permutation and Combination

<p><b>1. Evaluate</b> (i) <math>C_2^n</math> (ii) <math>C_3^{n+1}</math></p> <p>(i) <math>C_2^n = \frac{n(n-1)}{2}</math></p> <p>(ii) <math>C_3^{n+1} = \frac{(n+1)n(n-1)}{3!}</math>  <math>= \frac{(n+1)n(n-1)}{6}</math>          (or) <math>= \frac{n^3 - n}{6}</math></p>	<p><b>2. Simplify :</b> <math>P_0^n + P_1^n + P_2^n</math></p> <p><math>P_0^n + P_1^n + P_2^n = 1 + n + n(n-1)</math>  <math>= \underline{\underline{n^2 + 1}}</math></p>
<p><b>3. Two colours are chosen from the colours red (R), yellow (Y), green (G) and blue (B) to be the colours of a logo. (a) List the possible combinations of two colours.</b></p> <p><b>(b) How many combinations of two colours are available?</b></p> <p><b>(a)</b> RY RG RB YG YB GB</p> <p><b>(b) Combinations of two colours</b>  <math>= C_2^4 = \frac{4 \times 3}{2 \times 1} = \underline{\underline{6}}</math></p>	<p><b>4. A Mark Six lottery ticket consists of marking 6 different numbers ranging from 1 to 49.</b></p> <p><b>(a) How many different lottery tickets can you mark?</b></p> <p><b>(b) If each ticket costs \$5, then how much do you pay for buying all lottery tickets in (a)?</b></p> <p><b>(a) No. of different lottery tickets</b>  <math>= C_6^{49} = \underline{\underline{13,983,861}}</math></p> <p><b>(b) Amount I pay</b>  <math>= \\$5 \times 13,983,861 = \underline{\underline{\\$69,919,080}}</math></p>
<p><b>5. A relay team of 4 persons is selected from a group of 9 runners. How many different teams can be formed if</b></p> <p><b>(a) an outstanding runner must be included in the team?</b></p> <p><b>(b) a wounded runner must also be excluded from the team?</b></p> <p><b>(a) Different teams can be formed</b>  <math>= C_3^8 = \frac{8 \times 7 \times 6}{3 \times 2 \times 1} = \underline{\underline{56}}</math></p> <p><b>(b) Different teams can be formed</b>  <math>= C_3^7 = \frac{7 \times 6 \times 5}{3 \times 2 \times 1} = \underline{\underline{35}}</math></p>	<p><b>6. In how many ways can a group of 5 printers be selected from 6 inkjet and 9 laser printers if the group must contain</b></p> <p><b>(a) exactly 3 laser printers?</b></p> <p><b>(b) at least 3 laser printers?</b></p> <p><b>(a) No. of ways</b>  <math>= C_3^9 \times C_2^6 = \frac{9 \times 8 \times 7}{3 \times 2 \times 1} \times \frac{6 \times 5}{2 \times 1} = \underline{\underline{1260}}</math></p> <p><b>(b) No. of ways</b>  <math>= C_3^9 \times C_2^6 + C_4^9 \times C_1^6 + C_5^9 \times C_0^6</math>  <math>= 1260 + 756 + 126 = \underline{\underline{2142}}</math></p>

7. (a) Find the number of diagonals that can be drawn in an 4-sided polygon.  
 (b) Find the number of diagonals that can be drawn in an 5-sided polygon.  
 (c) Find the number of diagonals that can be drawn in an 6-sided polygon.  
 (d) Try to generalize the above cases, find the number of diagonals that can be drawn in an n-sided polygon.

(a) No. of diagonals = 2

(b) No. of diagonals = 5

(c) No. of diagonals = 9

(d) No. of diagonals =  $C_2^n - n = \frac{n(n-1)}{2} - n = \frac{n^2 - n - 2n}{2}$   

$$= \frac{n^2 - 3n}{2} = \underline{\underline{\frac{n(n-3)}{2}}}$$

8. In the Legislative Council, a special committee of 5 members has to be formed from 10 non-official members and 7 official members. In how many ways can the committee be formed if it consists of  
 (a) 5 non-official members? (b) 3 non-official and 2 official members? (c) Non-official members in majority?

(a) No. of ways can the committee be formed =  $C_5^{10} = \underline{\underline{252}}$

(b) No. of ways can the committee be formed =  $C_3^{10} \times C_2^7 = \underline{\underline{2520}}$

(c) No. of ways can the committee be formed =  $C_3^{10} \times C_2^7 + C_4^{10} \times C_1^7 + C_5^{10} \times C_0^7$   
 $= 2520 + 1470 + 252 = \underline{\underline{4242}}$

9. A poker hand of 5 cards are selected from a deck of 52 playing cards. How many different poker hands contain  
 (a) all spades? (b) 3 Aces and 2 Kings? (c) 4 cards with identical number or letter?

(a) No. of different poker hand =  $C_5^{13} = \underline{\underline{1287}}$

(b) No. of different poker hand =  $C_3^4 \times C_2^4 = \underline{\underline{24}}$

(c) No. of different poker hand =  $48 \times 13 = \underline{\underline{624}}$